

# TYES


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# Test of Youth Exchange Scholarship



***Read the directions on the back cover before opening  
the test book.***

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## PART 1 Conversation

Time – approximately 30 minutes (Questions 1-40)

**Directions: Questions 1 – 30:** Short conversations between two people. After each conversation, you will see a question about the conversation, read the four possible answers and choose the best answer.

Father: I hope you grow up to be a virtuous person.

Son: I will follow your advice.

1. What does the father mean?

- (1) He wants his son to be rich.
- (2) He wants his son to start a business.
- (3) He wants his son to be a good person.
- (4) He wants his son to take care of him.

John: We had a big earthquake last night.

Lisa: Yes, it was huge, and the government is understating it.

2. What does Lisa mean?

- (1) The Government is lying.
- (2) The Government is hiding something.
- (3) The Government is not helping.
- (4) The Government is downplaying.

John: Let's go shopping, I have a day off today.

Lisa: Great! I want to check some Gucci replicas.

3. What does Lisa mean?

- (1) She wants to buy a copy of Gucci.
- (2) She wants to buy a bag of Gucci.
- (3) She wants to buy the new collection of Gucci.
- (4) She wants to go to the Gucci store.

Manager: Come back tomorrow, we will discuss your appraisal of the company.

Employee: Many thanks, see you tomorrow.

4. What will happen at tomorrow's meeting?

- (1) They will go through the assessments.
- (2) They will talk about the employee promotion.
- (3) They will discuss increasing profits.
- (4) They will discuss employee safety and other issues.

Coach: On paper, we are better than other teams.

Owner: I am only concerned about what is happening on the ground.

5. What do you sense in the conversation?

- (1) Coach and Owner are fighting
- (2) Formal information is being disregarded
- (3) Coach and Owner are ready for some live action.
- (4) Owner is happy.

Council: The impact of the hurricane was overstated by the media; our systems have prevailed and we will fix the damages soon.

6. What does the council imply?

- (1) He does not trust the media and is asking us not to watch it.
- (2) He is praising the media and giving them a heads up for future coverage.
- (3) The media blew it out of proportion.
- (4) He has defeated the hurricane.

Reporter: Sir, what do you say to those who have lost a loved one due to COVID-19; do you believe the Government should have done more?

President: We did our best to save lives. There were things that were overlooked and could have been better. We are looking into it.

7. What does the president mean?

- (1) He is not taking responsibility.
- (2) He is avoiding the question.
- (3) He is shifting the blame.
- (4) He failed to notice a few things

Reporter: Sir, Jason is accused of robbing Bank of America, do you have a comment?

Judge: I will not jump the gun. We have a job to do here, please excuse us! Let's proceed.

8. What does the Judge mean?

- (1) He will not answer before the verdict.
- (2) He will not take Jason's gun away.
- (3) He will never answer the question.
- (4) He believes Jason is a criminal.

Lawyer: There are conjectures about John's character, thus it makes me believe that he is guilty.

Judge: We only entertain facts here.

9. What do you sense in this conversation?

- (1) John is not guilty.
- (2) Guess work is not relevant
- (3) Lawyer is wrong.
- (4) Judge believes the lawyer.

Coach: How are you feeling about this game against the best team?

Player1: My instinct says that we will win by a huge margin.

10. What does the Player1 mean?

- (1) He is overconfident.
- (2) He believes in luck.
- (3) He is relying on his gut.
- (4) He is speaking from experience.

John: How was your day, Sarah?

Sarah: I had a contentious discourse with my boss.

John: I feel you. You did well though, Sarah.

11. What do you sense in the conversation?

- (1) John is congratulating Sarah on her day.
- (2) Sarah had a great day at work.
- (3) There was a heated debate at work.
- (4) Sarah will quit her job.

Judge: John is acquitted. All charges were a fabrication.

12. What does the judge mean?

- (1) The charges are true and John will go to jail.
- (2) John will stand trial.
- (3) The charges were confusing. John will remain in jail.
- (4) The charges were lies, John will be freed.

Reporters: Sir, can you share some of the details from today's incident.

Police Officer: We are seeing some offbeat patterns between yesterday's and today's incidents. We will wait for further investigation.

13. What does the police officer mean?

- (1) He is noticing something strange.
- (2) He believes the same person is causing both incidents.
- (3) He does not want to comment on it and will wait for additional investigation.
- (4) He knows the criminals.

Secretary: The Prime Minister has summoned you; you better be prepared.

Minister: I see. I am always prepared, bring it on.

14. What do you sense in the conversation?

- (1) PM has fired minister
- (2) PM has called for minister
- (3) Minister will fight PM in court.
- (4) Minister is ready to bring the PM down.

Employee: I am wondering, why would I listen to you? I do work at my own pace.

HR Manager: I have the discretion to fire you immediately if you don't perform well.

15. What does the manager mean?

- (1) I have the notice to let you go.
- (2) I will fire you today.
- (3) I have the power to fire you.
- (4) I don't like your performance.

Officer: I want you to report back to me about the reasons for the bus accident.

Investigator: It happened due to the negligence of the driver.

16. What is the reason of bus accident?

- (1) Driver was inattentive.
- (2) He was not a good driver.
- (3) Driver had planned to crash the bus.
- (4) Driver was not feeling well.

Lawyer: We have presented all the evidence and we leave it up to the jury to deliver justice.

Jury: The case is disingenuous in nature. We need more time to review it.

17. What does the jury imply?

- (1) The Jury has reached a verdict.
- (2) The Jury has decided to stop the case.
- (3) The Jury is sensing dishonesty in the trial.
- (4) The Jury needs more evidence.

Scientist: We are anticipating huge tides heading towards our coastline.

Minister: Despite the uncertainty, we should mobilize the national guard.

18. What do you sense in this conversation?

- (1) Citizens are panicking because they must empty the coastline.
- (2) A tsunami might be coming. The Coastline is being closed down.
- (3) They are discussing about declaring a state of emergency.
- (4) They want to be prepared due to the likelihood of the disaster.

Scientist: If you don't pay heed to our advice, we are doomed.

Minister: Be specific, what are the ramifications?

19. What does the minister mean?

- (1) He is asking about the price to pay for the scientists' advice.
- (2) He is asking about the consequences.
- (3) He is asking about the natural disaster.
- (4) He is asking about the cause of the natural disaster.

John: Why is there so much polarization nowadays?

Sarah: Yes, you cannot have a civil discourse with anyone.

20. What does Sarah mean?

- (1) You cannot have a calm and decent conversation
- (2) It's hard to make a civil case against someone
- (3) She just hates people and doesn't want to talk with anyone.
- (4) She believes it is because people are not polite.

Judge: I believe all the proceedings are over, now we will go to the jury.

Jury: In light of all the evidence, we have inferred the verdict.

21. What does the Jury mean?

- (1) They have decided not to hear the case.
- (2) They have decided the case was false.
- (3) They have decided not to reveal the decision today.
- (4) They have decided to conclude the case.

Son: Father, please advise me on something important about life, so that I can grow from it.

Father: Do not conform; be yourself.

22. What does the father mean?

- (1) Do not be a fake person.
- (2) Do not lie to others.
- (3) Do not follow others.
- (4) Be yourself and do not care about others.

Jason: After playing a tough game against Liverpool, Manchester United has consolidated their position in the tournament.

Mitch: Yes, I am surprised, how did this happen?

23. What does Jason mean?

- (1) Manchester United has exited the tournament.
- (2) Manchester United has secured their spot in tournament.
- (3) Manchester United has decided not to play in the tournament.
- (4) Manchester United has lost to Liverpool.

John: Are you following the news? The media coverage against Kim's family is so bitter.

Sam: It's all based on their prejudices, let's see where this goes.

24. What does Sam mean?

- (1) Media is right.
- (2) Media research is based on facts.
- (3) Media does not have any strong reason
- (4) Media will decide how this case unfolds.

Teacher to parents: Jason has been indifferent to school, classwork and all other activities. We will not tolerate this any longer.

25. What does the teacher imply?

- (1) Jason does not take interest.
- (2) Jason is absent from all activities.
- (3) Jason is being suspended from school.
- (4) Jason is bunking school.

Reporter: How do you feel about last night's election?

President: The whole election was rigged. We wanted a different outcome, but we are thankful to everyone.

26. What does the president mean?

- (1) The President is angry.
- (2) The President is complaining.
- (3) The President thinks it was a dishonest election.
- (4) The President will try again.

John: Tell us something about your country.

Shaun: All sorts of drugs are off limits in our land.

27. What does Shaun mean?

- (1) Drugs are unlimited.
- (2) Drugs are banned.
- (3) You can find drugs easily.
- (4) Drugs are encouraged for all sorts of use.

Jason: Today I have presented all of our models. Looking forward to your feedback.

Manager: Your research is plausible, but not feasible at this point.

28. What does the manager imply?

- (1) The research is not correct, but not impossible.
- (2) He is going to move forward with his research.
- (3) The research is reasonable, but they cannot use it now.
- (4) He will further review the models.

John: I saw Sam and his mom arguing.

Sarah: Yes, after the argument he was much more subdued.

29. What does Sarah mean?

- (1) Sam was crying.
- (2) Sam was happy.
- (3) Sam won the argument.
- (4) Mother overpowered him.

Inspector: Please report to me about the jail conditions.

Warden: The conditions are very inhumane.

30. What does the warden mean?

- (1) Conditions are livable.
- (2) Conditions are brutal.
- (3) Conditions are bearable.
- (4) Conditions are great.

Directions: 31-40: Read the speech and choose the appropriate answer

On behalf of the great state of Illinois, crossroads of a nation, Land of Lincoln, let me express my deepest gratitude for the privilege of addressing this convention. Tonight is a particular honor for me because, let's face it, my presence on this stage is pretty unlikely. My father was a foreign student, born and raised in a small village in Kenya. He grew up herding goats, went to school in a tin-roof shack. His father -- my grandfather -- was a cook, a domestic servant to the British. But my grandfather had larger dreams for his son. Through hard work and perseverance my father got a scholarship to study in a magical place, America, that shone as a beacon of freedom and opportunity to so many who had come before. While studying here, my father met my mother. She was born in a town on the other side of the world, in Kansas. Her father worked on oil rigs and farms through most of the Depression. The day after Pearl Harbor my grandfather signed up for duty; joined Patton's army, marched across Europe. Back home, my grandmother raised a baby and went to work on a bomber assembly line. After the war, they studied on the G.I. Bill, bought a house through F.H.A., and later moved west all the way to Hawaii in search of opportunity. And they, too, had big dreams for their daughter. A common dream, born of two continents. My parents shared not only an improbable love, they shared an abiding faith in the possibilities of this nation. They would give me an African name, Barack, or "blessed," believing that in a tolerant America your name is no barrier to success. They imagined -- They imagined me going to the best schools in the land, even though they weren't rich, because in a generous America you don't have to be rich to achieve your potential.

They're both passed away now. And yet, I know that on this night they look down on me with great pride.

(<https://www.americanrhetoric.com/speeches/convention2004/>)

31. Who is delivering the speech?

- (1) Barack Obama
- (2) Donald Trump
- (3) Grandfather
- (4) Not mentioned in speech

36. What does "improbable" mean in the speech?

- (1) Passionate
- (2) Strong
- (3) Unlikely
- (4) Fake

32. What does word "herding" in the speech mean?

- (1) Tending
- (2) Working in fields
- (3) Breeding
- (4) Trading

37. What is the magical place the speaker is talking about?

- (1) America
- (2) Kenya
- (3) Kansas
- (4) Europe

33. What was the common dream of the speaker's parents?

- (1) To build a house
- (2) To make more money
- (3) The speaker
- (4) To thrive in America

38. The speaker's mother was the daughter of

- (1) A Shepherd
- (2) An Army officer
- (3) An Oil rig worker
- (4) An Educator

34. \_\_\_\_\_, you can still achieve your potential in America.

- (1) You don't have to work hard.
- (2) It does not matter where you come from.
- (3) You must study hard.
- (4) It does not matter if you are rich or not.

39. What does beacon mean in the speech?

- (1) Light
- (2) Power
- (3) Symbol
- (4) Hope

35. Who came to America to study?

- (1) Grandfather
- (2) Barack's father
- (3) Barack Obama
- (4) All of them came together from Kenya.

40. At the convention, the speaker is representing \_\_\_\_\_?

- (1) America
- (2) The world
- (3) His state
- (4) Democratic Party

**PART II Structure & Written Expression****Time – approximately 30 minutes (Questions 41-80)**

**Directions:** Questions 41 – 66 are incomplete sentences. Below each sentence, you will see four choices indicated (1), (2), (3), and (4). Please select one choice that best completes the sentence. Then, on your answer sheet, please find the number of the question and fill in the space that corresponds to the answer you have chosen.

41. We looked for you everywhere, but you were \_\_\_\_\_ to be found.  
(1) somewhere (2) nowhere  
(3) never (4) elsewhere
42. I assure you that I will \_\_\_\_\_ you, no matter what.  
(1) stand up to (2) stand right  
(3) stand with (4) stand off
43. The speech about Feminism was not properly spaced out, but the speaker went on \_\_\_\_\_ the topic of mental health.  
(1) stressing (2) avoiding  
(3) feminism (4) devoting
44. The jury will \_\_\_\_\_ all the evidence and then announce the verdict.  
(1) check (2) measure  
(3) find (4) assess
45. On the highway, you can see the \_\_\_\_\_ permissible speed limit.  
(1) minimum (2) highest  
(3) maximum (4) faster
46. If you are an eloquent speaker, everyone will be \_\_\_\_\_ by you.  
(1) persuaded (2) loved  
(3) accepted (4) feel calm
47. The president's message was clear and now we all must get \_\_\_\_\_ his message.  
(1) money for (2) behind  
(3) people for (4) none of the options available
48. We are very much \_\_\_\_\_ to meet you, Sandra.  
(1) delighted (2) happier  
(3) overjoyed (4) to delighted
49. The FBI has started an operation to \_\_\_\_\_ the shooter, so he can be brought to justice.  
(1) touch (2) track  
(3) trace (4) eliminate
50. The people of the neighborhood have \_\_\_\_\_ to the officer about a suspected thief.  
(1) asked (2) complained  
(3) informed (4) question
51. We, as humans \_\_\_\_\_ powers that which we are not fully aware of.  
(1) experience (2) impose  
(3) possess (4) expose
52. We are all Americans and are devoted \_\_\_\_\_ one another.  
(1) of (2) to  
(3) for (4) at
53. If the company is not interested, we will \_\_\_\_\_ the settlement.  
(1) abandon (2) kill  
(3) remove (4) vacant
54. We have taken the evidence and shall look \_\_\_\_\_ the matter immediately.  
(1) in (2) about  
(3) into (4) after
55. John could not see properly, did you notice? He might be blind \_\_\_\_\_ one eye.  
(1) with (2) in  
(3) of (4) for
56. We are watching you play. Stay near the garden kids, we don't want to lose \_\_\_\_\_ of you.  
(1) track (2) sight  
(3) location (4) trace



57. It is already 10 PM. Can you \_\_\_\_\_ time to catch the flight?

- (1) have it in
- (2) reach on
- (3) arrive on
- (4) make it in

58. The lady \_\_\_\_\_ down the escalator is my wife.

- (1) get
- (2) hurrying
- (3) hurry
- (4) come

59. In the jungle, lions often spring \_\_\_\_\_ the buffaloes.

- (1) to
- (2) for
- (3) upon
- (4) on

60. What time will you arrive \_\_\_\_\_ New York?

- (1) in
- (2) at
- (3) on
- (4) none of the options available

61. You should have been quiet, but you talking back \_\_\_\_\_ her even more.

- (1) messed
- (2) provoked
- (3) threat
- (4) pushed

62. My boss always lets me \_\_\_\_\_ time off work.

- (1) taking
- (2) took
- (3) to take
- (4) take

63. While I was giving the speech, I thought \_\_\_\_\_ with me, because they all were nodding.

- (1) that everyone agrees
- (2) everyone to agree
- (3) everyone was agreeing
- (4) everyone must be agree

64. "Rain On" was \_\_\_\_\_ song I have ever listened to.

- (1) worsen
- (2) very bad
- (3) the worst
- (4) most worst

65. If you would have helped him, he \_\_\_\_\_ gone bankrupt.

- (1) will not
- (2) will not be
- (3) would not have
- (4) could not be

66. John, when will you hand \_\_\_\_\_ your math assignment?

- (1) in
- (2) back
- (3) down
- (4) into

**Question 67 - 72:** Find the appropriate word and fill in the blanks.

Today we (67.) \_\_\_\_\_ the loss of precious lives that were lost. We pray for the families who are (68.) \_\_\_\_\_, that they may get strength to get through this (69.) \_\_\_\_\_ day. We are with you in this period of (70.) \_\_\_\_\_, and the whole nation stands with you. And to those who did this (71.) \_\_\_\_\_ act, we will not spare you. Let there be no confusion, we are a free country and the writ of the state will (72.) \_\_\_\_\_ against all evil. May God Bless You all.

67. (1) remember (2) mourn  
(3) think of (4) condemn

68. (1) grieving (2) saddening  
(3) lost (4) broke

69. (1) tensed (2) terrifying  
(3) tragic (4) traffic

70. (1) grace (2) stress  
(3) horror (4) sorrow

71. (1) dirty (2) crime  
(3) gruesome (4) spooky

72. (1) prevail (2) bow  
(3) kill (4) remove

**Questions 73 - 80:** Each sentence has four underlined words or phrases. Identify the one underlined word or phrase that must be changed in order for the sentence to be correct.

73. A diamond watch, presented by the family of the groom were among the presents on the display at the wedding.  
(1) (2) (3) (4)

74. Whom out of these four boys is the troublemaker?  
(1) (2) (3) (4)

75. Everyday, my son goes to school for 8 hours and then worked for the rest of the evening at the restaurant.  
(1) (2) (3) (4)

76. It is advised that one should not be drunk while driving, you should keep their eyes on the road while driving.  
(1) (2) (3) (4)

77. The ordeal is so attractive and profitable. That is why everyone in the market wants to work with us.  
(1) (2) (3) (4)

78. We are awarding everyone with bonuses for their great sacrifice and negligence at the work place.  
(1) (2) (3) (4)

79. We have seen fatal indicators related to your sister's disease; therefore, it is safe to say that she will live.  
(1) (2) (3) (4)

80. I have the immense pleasure and great regret of introducing our new general manager to all of you.  
(1) (2) (3) (4)

### PART III Vocabulary and Reading Comprehension

Time – approximately 30 minutes (Questions 81-120)

In questions 81-90: each sentence has an underlined word or phrase. Choose the one word or phrase that best keeps the meaning of the original sentence. If it is substituted for the underlined word or phrase.

81. I have taken all of your efforts into my consideration and have decided that everyone will be given a bonus.

- (1) measurement
- (2) judgement
- (3) notice
- (4) knowledge

87. The stalemate between the labor union and the government has ended.

- (1) Fight
- (2) Deadlock
- (3) Contract
- (4) Battle

82. All those sanctuary cities that are safeguarding the criminals should be shut down.

- (1) fostering
- (2) nurturing
- (3) keeping
- (4) producing

88. We will face misfortune in our journey of life but we must never give up.

- (1) adversity
- (2) resistance
- (3) enemies
- (4) bad destiny

83. Investment in clean energy is eventually going to propel us towards a better future.

- (1) burst
- (2) modify
- (3) take
- (4) drive

89. The governor lambasted the city officials for not doing their jobs properly.

- (1) fired
- (2) appreciated
- (3) encouraged
- (4) scolded

84. The police department is reporting a massive decrease in the suicide rates.

- (1) huge
- (2) bigger
- (3) strong
- (4) lump sum

90. People are always lamenting about bad governance because politicians are corrupt.

- (1) protesting
- (2) complaining
- (3) condemning
- (4) blaming

85. There are so many stumbling blocks, but if we persist, we can overcome and win in life.

- (1) frustrations
- (2) problems
- (3) hurdles
- (4) fall outs

86. The court has decided to defer the date of indictment in the case of murder.

- (1) imprisonment
- (2) justice
- (3) investigation
- (4) conviction

**Question 91 - 100:** Choose correct passive voice.

91. Jason ate six prawns at the dinner.

- (1) At dinner, six prawns was ate by Jason.
- (2) At dinner, six prawns were eat by Jason.
- (3) At dinner, six prawns were eaten by Jason.
- (4) At dinner, six prawns have been eaten by Jason.

92. We are going to watch a movie together at the department store.

- (1) At the department store, a movie is going to be watched by us.
- (2) At the department store, a movie would be watched by us.
- (3) At the department store, a movie is going to be watching by us.
- (4) At the department store, a movie is going to be watch by us.

93. Jason ran the marathon in record time.

- (1) The marathon was ran by Jason in record time.
- (2) The marathon was run by Jason in record time.
- (3) The marathon is ran by Jason in record time.
- (4) The marathon was being ran by Jason in record time.

94. Sam read the book in one day.

- (1) The book is reading by Sam in one day.
- (2) The book is being red by Sam in one day.
- (3) The book has been red by Sam in one day.
- (4) The book was read by Sam in one day.

95. The maid will clean the office every Saturday.

- (1) The office should be cleaned by maid every Saturday.
- (2) The office will be cleaned by the maid every Saturday.
- (3) The office is to be clean by the maid every Saturday.
- (4) The office will be cleans by the maid every Saturday.

96. They have already discussed the business proposal.

- (1) The business proposal has already been discussed by them.
- (2) The business proposal has being already discussed by them.
- (3) The business proposal is being already discussed by them.
- (4) The business proposal was being discussed by them.

97. The postman had delivered the letters.

- (1) The letters were deliver by the postman.
- (2) The letters had been delivered by the postman.
- (3) The letters has been delivered by the postman.
- (4) The letters were being delivered by the postman.

98. You must pass the exams.

- (1) The exams are to be passed by you.
- (2) The exams should be passed by you.
- (3) The exams must be passed by you.
- (4) The exams need to passed by you.

99. My sister is baking cookies.

- (1) Cookies are being baked by my sister.
- (2) Cookies is being bake by my sister.
- (3) Cookies are being bake by my sister.
- (4) Cookies are baked by my sister.

100. The doctor was treating the patient when the thief came into the clinic.

- (1) The patient was getting treatment when thief come into the clinic.
- (2) The patient was being treated by the doctor when the thief came into the clinic.
- (3) The patient was treated by the doctor when the thief had come into the clinic.
- (4) Thief had come into the clinic when the patient was getting treatment.

**Question 101-105:** Choose which one is the correct tense.

101. Teacher John is teaching his students.

- (1) Present continuous
- (2) Present simple
- (3) Present perfect continuous
- (4) Present perfect

102. We have been waiting for your family to arrive.

- (1) Past simple
- (2) Past continuous
- (3) Present perfect
- (4) Present perfect continuous

103. We have finished our class for today.

- (1) Present simple
- (2) Past continuous
- (3) Present perfect
- (4) Present perfect continuous

104. The school principal addressed the parents gathering.

- (1) Past simple
- (2) Past continuous
- (3) Present perfect
- (4) Present perfect continuous

105. By the time we go to meet Sam for the vacation, he will have finished his lessons.

- (1) Future Simple
- (2) Future perfect
- (3) Present perfect
- (4) Future perfect continuous

Question 106-110: Idioms

106. To make clean breast of.

- (1) to gain prominence.
- (2) to praise oneself.
- (3) to confess without a reserve
- (4) to destroy before it blooms

107. To keeps one's temper.

- (1) to preserve one's energy
- (2) to be in a good mood
- (3) to be aloof from
- (4) to become hungry

108. To drive home.

- (1) to find one's roots
- (2) to return to place of rest
- (3) to go to back original position
- (4) to emphasize

109. To have an axe to grind.

- (1) a personal motive to serve
- (2) to fail to arouse interest
- (3) to have no result
- (4) to work for both sides

110. By hook or crook

- (1) to avoid taking sides
- (2) feeling uncomfortable
- (3) to relax
- (4) by any means

Direction 111 – 120: Read the passage carefully and answer the questions.

Vietnam, a nation in Southeast Asia on the eastern edge of the Indochinese peninsula, had been under French colonial rule since the 19th century. During World War II, Japanese forces invaded Vietnam. To fight off both Japanese occupiers and the French colonial administration, political leader Ho Chi Minh—inspired by Chinese and Soviet communism—formed the Viet Minh, or the League for the Independence of Vietnam. Following its 1945 defeat in World War II, Japan withdrew its forces from Vietnam, leaving the French-educated Emperor Bao Dai in control. Seeing an opportunity to seize control, Ho's Viet Minh forces immediately rose up, taking over the northern city of Hanoi and declaring a Democratic Republic of Vietnam (DRV) with Ho as president. The Vietnam War was a long, costly and divisive conflict that pitted the communist government of North Vietnam against South Vietnam and its principal ally, the United States. The conflict was intensified by the ongoing Cold War between the United States and the Soviet Union. More than 3 million people (including over 58,000 Americans) were killed in the Vietnam War, and more than half of the dead were Vietnamese civilians. Opposition to the war in the United States bitterly divided Americans, even after President Richard Nixon signed the Paris Peace Accords and ordered the withdrawal of U.S. forces in 1973. Communist forces ended the war by seizing control of South Vietnam in 1975, and the country was unified as the Socialist Republic of Vietnam the following year.

[<https://www.history.com/topics/vietnam-war/vietnam-war-history>]

111. Was Vietnam a sovereign nation before World War2?

- (1) Yes, Vietnam was an independent country.
- (2) Vietnam was a socialist republic.
- (3) The French ruled Vietnam.
- (4) Japan invaded Vietnam.

112. Ho Chi Minh was a \_\_\_\_\_

- (1) prisoner of war
- (2) general in the army
- (3) Japanese governor
- (4) political activist

113. \_\_\_\_\_ helped to form the League for the independence of Vietnam.

- (1) Japanese ideology
- (2) Americans' democracy
- (3) Communism
- (4) The Socialist agenda

114. Ho's forces rose up against \_\_\_\_\_

- (1) Japanese forces
- (2) American forces
- (3) Emperor Bao Dai
- (4) French forces

115. The term cold war in the passage means

- (1) both countries are not openly engaged in warfare
- (2) both countries are fighting in a cold climate
- (3) both countries are actively engaged in warfare
- (4) both countries are ending the war.

116. Hanoi is located in the \_\_\_\_\_ of Vietnam

- (1) south
- (2) west
- (3) north
- (4) east

117. South Vietnam was being supported by which country?

- (1) America
- (2) Soviet Union
- (3) China
- (4) Japan

118. How did the war come to an end?

- (1) Americans helped Vietnam to win the war.
- (2) Soviet Union helped people to achieve a peace agreement.
- (3) The Peace agreement was signed in Paris.
- (4) Communist forces defeated and took over the South.

119. Why did Japanese forces invade Vietnam?

- (1) because it was an Asian country
- (2) because they wanted to expand their empire
- (3) because they were enemies of France.
- (4) not mentioned in the passage

120. According the to the passage, now Vietnam is a/an \_\_\_\_\_

- (1) Independent state
- (2) Communist state
- (3) Socialist state
- (4) All of the options



**TEST OF YOUTH EXCHANGE SCHOLARSHIP  
(TYES 2022)**

***Directions for taking the TYES 2022:***

This test is to evaluate how well you understand the English language.

1. DO NOT open the test until you are told to do so by a supervisor.
2. You will have approximately 90 minutes to complete the test. Some questions are harder than others. Manage your time wisely and try to answer every question the best you can before moving to the next question.
3. This test consists of three parts as below, each with their own time limit.  
Part I - Conversation (30 minutes)  
Part II - Structure & Written Expression (30 minutes)  
Part III - Reading Comprehension (30 minutes)
4. You must work only on the current section. DO NOT go back to previous parts to check your answers.
5. Make sure that you understand clearly the directions for each part before you start to answer the questions.
6. For each question there are four possible answers; 1), 2), 3) and 4). Darken the appropriate number on your answer sheet that corresponds to the question you are working on.

Example:

1. \_\_\_\_\_ would you like your coffee made?

- (1) When
- (2) How
- (3) What
- (4) Where

The correct answer is (2). You then darken your answer as the example below:



7. Make sure you are answering the correct question with your 2B pencil. If you wish to change your answer, make sure that you erase completely before making your new answer.
8. If you do not follow directions and rules given, YES has the sole right not to grade that answer sheet.
9. If there is a mistake on the exam in any questions, you will automatically get a free point for that question. There is no need to ask the supervisor.
10. Any decision regarding the test results rests within the sole discretion of the YES committee.